

# 目录 Contents

	课文 Lesson	页码 Page	词汇 Words/Phrases	注释 Notes	拼音 Pinyin	汉字 Characters
1	你好 Hello	2	你、好、*您、你们、对不起、没关系		1. 汉语拼音的声母和韵母 (1) : Initials and Finals of Chinese Pinyin (1): b, p, m, f, d, t, n, l, g, k, h, j, q, x i, u, ü, er, a, ia, ua, o, uo, e, ie, ue, ai, uai, ei, uei (ui), ao, iao 2. 汉语的声调 (四声) Tones (Four Tones) 3. 汉语的音节 Chinese Syllables 4. 两个三声音节的连读变调 Tone Sandhi: 3 <sup>rd</sup> tone + 3 <sup>rd</sup> tone	1. 汉字的笔画 (1) : Strokes of Chinese Characters (1): 一、丨、フ、丶、丶 2. 认识独体字 : Single-Component Characters: 一、二、三、十、八、六
2	谢谢你 Thank you	8	谢谢、不、不客气、再见		1. 汉语拼音的声母和韵母 (2) : Initials and Finals of Chinese Pinyin (2): zh, ch, sh, r, z, c, s ou, iou (iu), an, ian, uan, uian, en, in, uen (un), ün, ang, iang, uang, eng, ing, ueng, ong, iong 2. 汉语的轻声 The Neutral Tone 3. 拼音规则 (1) : 标调法和省写 Rules of Pinyin (1): Tone Marking and Abbreviation	1. 汉字的笔画 (2) : Strokes of Chinese Characters (2): ツ、レ、丨 2. 认识独体字 : Single-Component Characters: 口、见、山、小、不
3	你叫什么名字 What's your name	14	叫、什么、名字、我、是、老师、吗、学生、人 李月、中国、美国	1. 疑问代词“什么” The Interrogative Pronoun “什么” 2. “是”字句 The “是” Sentence 3. 用“吗”的疑问句 Interrogative Sentences with “吗”	1. 发音辨析: 声母j, q, x和z, c, s Differentiation: pronunciation of the initials j, q, x and z, c, s 2. 发音辨析: 韵母i, u, ü Differentiation: pronunciation of the finals i, u, ü 3. “不”的变调 Tone Sandhi of “不(bù)” 4. 拼音规则 (2) : 单韵母ü和ü开头的韵母跟j, q, x相拼的规则 Rules of Pinyin (2): ü or finals led by ü with j, q, x	1. 汉字的笔画 (3) : Strokes of Chinese Characters (3): 月、心、中、人 2. 认识独体字 : Single-Component Characters: 先横后竖、先撇后捺 3. 汉字的笔顺 (1) : 先横后竖、先撇后捺 Stroke Order (1): horizontal preceding vertical and left-falling preceding right-falling
4	她是我的汉语老师 She is my Chinese teacher	22	她、谁、的、汉语、哪、国、呢、他、同学、朋友	1. 疑问代词“谁”、“哪” The Interrogative Pronouns “谁” and “哪” 2. 结构助词“的” The Structural Particle “的” 3. 疑问助词“呢” (1) The Interrogative Particle “呢” (1)	1. 发音辨析: 声母zh, ch, sh, r Differentiation: pronunciation of the initials zh, ch, sh, r 2. 发音辨析: 前鼻音韵母n and 后鼻音韵母ng Differentiation: pronunciation of the alveolar nasal n and the velar nasal ng 3. “一”的变调 Tone Sandhi of “一(yí)” 4. 拼音规则 (3) : y, w的用法 Rules of Pinyin (3): use of y and w	1. 汉字的笔画 (4) : Strokes of Chinese Characters (4): 𠂊、𠂊 2. 认识独体字 : Single-Component Characters: 七、儿、几、九 3. 汉字的笔顺 (2) : 从上到下, 从左到右 Stroke Order (2): top preceding bottom and left preceding right
5	她女儿今年二十岁 Her daughter is 20 years old this year	30	家、有、*口、女儿、几、岁、了、今年、多、大	1. 疑问代词“几” The Interrogative Pronoun “几” 2. 百以内的数字 Numbers below 100 3. “了”表变化 “了” Indicating a Change 4. “多+大”表示疑问 The Interrogative Phrase “多+大”	1. 儿化的发音 The Retroflex Final 2. 发音辨析: 以i, u, ü开头的韵母 Differentiation: pronunciation of finals beginning with i, u, ü 3. 声母送气音和不送气音发音的区别 Difference between Aspirated and Unaspirated Initials 4. 拼音规则 (4) : 隔音符号 Rules of Pinyin (4): syllable-dividing mark	1. 汉字的笔画 (5) : Strokes of Chinese Characters (5): 𠂊、𠂊 2. 认识独体字 : Single-Component Characters: 水、女、了、大 3. 汉字的笔顺 (3) : 先外后内, 先中间后两边 Stroke Order (3): outside preceding inside and middle preceding sides

	课文 Lesson	页码 Page	词汇 Words/Phrases	注释 Notes	拼音 Pinyin	汉字 Characters
6	我会说汉语 I can speak Chinese	40	会、说、妈妈、菜、很、*好吃、做、写、汉字、字、怎么、读	1. 能愿动词“会”(1) The Modal Verb “会”(1) 2. 形容词谓语句 Sentences with an Adjectival Predicate 3. 疑问代词“怎么”(1) The Interrogative Pronoun “怎么”(1)	双音节词语的声调搭配 (1) : 一声和各声调的搭配 Tone Collocation in Disyllabic Words (1): 1 <sup>st</sup> tone + 1 <sup>st</sup> /2 <sup>nd</sup> /3 <sup>rd</sup> /4 <sup>th</sup> tone	1. 汉字的笔画 (6) : Strokes of Chinese Characters (6): ㄥ、ㄥ、ㄥ 2. 认识独体字 : Single-Component Characters: 东、我、西 3. 汉字结构 (1) : 独体结构与合体结构 Structure of Chinese Characters (1): single-component and compound
7	今天几号 What's the date today	48	请、*问、今天、号、月、星期、昨天、明天、去、学校、看、书	1. 日期的表达 (1): 月、日 / 号、星期 Expression of a Date (1): month, date, day of the week 2. 名词谓语句 Sentences with a Nominal Predicate 3. 连动句 (1) : 去+地方+做什么 Sentences with a Serial Verb Construction (1): go + place + to do sth.	双音节词语的声调搭配 (2) : 二声和各声调的搭配 Tone Collocation in Disyllabic Words (2): 2 <sup>nd</sup> tone + 1 <sup>st</sup> /2 <sup>nd</sup> /3 <sup>rd</sup> /4 <sup>th</sup> tone	1. 认识独体字 : Single-Component Characters: 四、五、书 2. 汉字结构 (2) : 左右结构与左中右结构 Structure of Chinese Characters (2): left-right and left-middle-right 3. 汉字偏旁 “讠” 和 “宀” Chinese Radicals: “讠” and “宀”
8	我想喝茶 I'd like some tea	56	想、喝、茶、吃、米饭、下午、商店、买、个、杯子、这、多少、钱、块、那	1. 能愿动词“想” The Modal Verb “想” 2. 疑问代词“多少” The Interrogative Pronoun “多少” 3. 量词“个”、“口” The Measure Words “个” and “口” 4. 钱数的表达 Expression of the Amount of Money	双音节词语的声调搭配 (3) : 三声和各声调的搭配 Tone Collocation in Disyllabic Words (3): 3 <sup>rd</sup> tone + 1 <sup>st</sup> /2 <sup>nd</sup> /3 <sup>rd</sup> /4 <sup>th</sup> tone	1. 认识独体字 : Single-Component Characters: 少、个 2. 汉字结构 (3) : 上下结构与上中下结构 Structure of Chinese Characters (3): top-bottom and top-middle-bottom 3. 汉字偏旁 “𠂇” 和 “𠂔” Chinese Radicals: “𠂇” and “𠂔”
9	你儿子在哪儿工作 Where does your son work	64	小、猫、在、那儿、狗、椅子、下面(下)、在、哪儿、工作、儿子、医院、医生、爸爸	1. 动词“在” The Verb “在” 2. 疑问代词“哪儿” The Interrogative Pronoun “哪儿” 3. 介词“在” The Preposition “在” 4. 疑问助词“呢” (2) The Interrogative Particle “呢” (2)	双音节词语的声调搭配 (4) : 四声和各声调的搭配 Tone Collocation in Disyllabic Words (4): 4 <sup>th</sup> tone + 1 <sup>st</sup> /2 <sup>nd</sup> /3 <sup>rd</sup> /4 <sup>th</sup> tone	1. 认识独体字 : Single-Component Characters: 在、子、工 2. 汉字结构 (4) : 半包围结构 Structure of Chinese Characters (4): half-enclosure 3. 汉字偏旁 “匚” 和 “匚” Chinese Radicals: “匚” and “匚”
10	我能坐这儿吗 Can I sit here	72	桌子、上、电脑、和、本、里、前面、后面、这儿、没有(没)、能、坐、王方、谢朋	1. “有”字句 : 表示存在 The “有” Sentence: indicating existence 2. 连词“和” The Conjunction “和” 3. 能愿动词“能” The Modal Verb “能” 4. 用“请”的祈使句 Imperative Sentences with “请”	1. 轻声音节的读法 Pronunciation of Neutral-Tone Syllables 2. 叠音词的读法 Pronunciation of Reduplicated Syllables 3. 带后缀词的读法: “-们, -子, -头” Pronunciation of Words with the Suffix “-们”, “-子” or “-头”	1. 认识独体字 : Single-Component Characters: 上、下、本、末 2. 汉字结构 (5) : 全包围结构 Structure of Chinese Characters (5): enclosure 3. 汉字偏旁 “口” 和 “丶” Chinese Radicals: “口” and “丶”

	课文 Lesson	页码 Page	词汇 Words/Phrases	注释 Notes	拼音 Pinyin	汉字 Characters
11	现在几点 What's the time now	82	现在、点、分、中午、吃饭、时候、回、我们、电影、住、前北京	1. 时间的表达 Expression of Time 2. 时间词做状语 Time Word Used as an Adverbial 3. 名词“前” The Noun “前”	轻声的功能 Function of Neutral-Tone Syllables	1. 认识独体字 : Single-Component Characters: 午、电 2. 汉字偏旁 “丶” 和 “冫” Chinese Radicals: “丶” and “冫”
12	明天天气怎么样 What will the weather be like tomorrow	90	天气、怎么样、太 (太……了)、热、冷、下雨 (下、雨)、小姐、来、*身体、爱、些、水果、水	1. 疑问代词 “怎么样” The Interrogative Pronoun “怎么样” 2. 主谓语句 Sentences with a Subject-Predicate Phrase as the Predicate 3. 程度副词 “太” The Adverb “太” 4. 能愿动词 “会” (2) The Modal Verb “会” (2)	三音节词语的声调搭配 (1) : 一声音节开头 Tone Collocation in Trisyllabic Words (1): words starting with a first-tone syllable	1. 认识独体字 : Single-Component Characters: 天、气、雨 2. 汉字偏旁 “夊” 和 “夊” Chinese Radicals: “夊” and “夊”
13	他在学做中国菜呢 He is learning to cook Chinese food	98	喂、*也、学习 (学)、上午、睡觉、电视、喜欢、*给、打电话、*吧 大卫	1. 叹词 “喂” The Interjection “喂” 2. “在……呢” 表示动作正在进行 “在……呢” Used to Indicate an Action in Progress 3. 电话号码的表达 Expression of Telephone Numbers 4. 语气助词 “吧” The Modal Particle “吧”	三音节词语的声调搭配 (2) : 二声音节开头 Tone Collocation in Trisyllabic Words (2): words starting with a second-tone syllable	1. 认识独体字 : Single-Component Characters: 日、目、习 2. 汉字偏旁 “讠” 和 “讠” The Chinese Radicals: “讠” and “讠”
14	她买了不少衣服 She has bought quite a few clothes	104	东西、一点儿、苹果、看见、先生、开、车、回来、分钟、后、衣服、漂亮、*啊、少 (不少)、这些、都张	1. “了” 表发生或完成 “了” Indicating Occurrence or Completion 2. 名词 “后” The Noun “后” 3. 语气助词 “啊” The Modal Particle “啊” 4. 副词 “都” The Adverb “都”	三音节词语的声调搭配 (3) : 三声音节开头 Tone Collocation in Trisyllabic Words (3): words starting with a third-tone syllable	1. 认识独体字 : Single-Component Characters 开、车、回 2. 汉字偏旁 “刂” 和 “才” Chinese Radicals: “刂” and “才”
15	我是坐飞机来的 I came here by air	112	认识、年、大学、饭店、出租车、*一起、高兴、听、飞机	1. “是……的” 句: 强调时间、地点、方式 The Structure “是……的”: used to emphasize time, place or manner 2. 日期的表达 (2) : 年、月、日/号、星期 Expression of a Date (2): year, month, date, day of the week	三音节词语的声调搭配 (4) : 四声音节开头 Tone Collocation in Trisyllabic Words (4): words starting with a fourth-tone syllable	1. 认识独体字 : Single-Component Characters: 年、出、飞 2. 汉字偏旁 “𠂔” 和 “𠂔” Chinese Radicals: “𠂔” and “𠂔”

文化: 中国人经常使用的通信工具 Culture: Common Communication Tools of Chinese People 119

词语总表 Vocabulary 120

汉字总表 Characters 128

偏旁总表 Radicals 129

汉语普通话声母韵母拼合表 Table of Combinations of Initials and Finals in Common Speech